Name: Solutions Section: \_\_\_\_\_

You have 10 minutes to complete the following problems, without using your notes, book, or calculator.

1. Suppose h(-3) = 5 and h'(-3) = 4. What is the tangent line to the graph of h(x) at x = -3?

Since h(-3)=5, we know that the tangent line to h(x) at x=-3 passes though (-3,5). Since h'(-3)=4, the slope of the tangent line is m=4. Using point-slope form, we can write the equation of the tangent line as

$$(y-5) = 4(x+3)$$

Rewriting to get it in slope-intercept form gives the final answer:

$$y = 4x + 17$$

2. Differentiate.

(a) 
$$\frac{d}{dt}(\sqrt[5]{t} + \sqrt[5]{7}) = \frac{1}{5}t^{-4/5} = \frac{1}{5\sqrt[5]{t^4}}$$

... since we can rewrite  $\sqrt[5]{t} = t^{1/5}$  and  $\sqrt[5]{7}$  is a constant.

(b) 
$$\frac{d}{dx} x^{2/3}(x+7) = \frac{5}{3} x^{2/3} + 7(\frac{2}{3}) x^{-1/3} = \frac{5}{3} x^{2/3} + \frac{14}{3} x^{-1/3}$$

... since we can rewrite  $x^{2/3}(x+7) = x^{5/3} + 7x^{2/3}$ .

(c) 
$$\frac{d}{dx} x(x+7)^{11} = (1) \cdot (x+7)^{11} + x \cdot (11(x+7)^{10}) = (x+7)^{10}(12x+7)$$

 $\dots$  using the product rule and factoring  $(x+7)^{10}$  from both terms.

$$(\mathrm{d}) \ \frac{d}{du} \ \frac{4u}{3u-7} \ = \ \frac{(4)\cdot(3u-7)\,-\,(4u)\cdot(3)}{(3u-7)^2} \ = \ \frac{12u-28-12u}{(3u-7)^2} \ = \ -\,\frac{28}{(3u-7)^2}$$

... using the quotient rule.

(e) 
$$\frac{d}{dx}\sqrt{x^3+x} = \frac{1}{2}(x^3+x)^{-1/2} \cdot (3x^2+1) = \frac{3x^2+1}{2\sqrt{x^3+x}}$$

... using the chain rule and the fact that  $\sqrt{u} = u^{1/2}$ .