Name: \_\_\_\_\_

## **Reading Questions**

- 1. Make sure you know the definitions of the following terms: ring homomorphism, ring isomorphism, kernel of ring homomorphism, ideal, trivial ideal, principal ideal, and quotient/factor ring.
- 2. Make sure you know the properties of ring homomorphisms (Proposition 16.22, 16.27) and the statements of the ring isomorphism theorems.
- 3. Reduction modulo n. Consider the ring homomorphism  $\phi : \mathbb{Z} \to \mathbb{Z}_n$  by  $a \mapsto a \mod n$ .
  - (a) What is the kernel of  $\phi$ ?
  - (b) What is the image of  $\phi$ ?
  - (c) What does the First Isomorphism Theorem allow us to conclude in this case?
- 4. Evaluation at  $\alpha$ . Consider the ring homomorphism  $\phi : C[a, b] \to \mathbb{R}$  by  $f \mapsto f(\alpha)$ , where  $\alpha \in [a, b]$ .
  - (a) What is the kernel of  $\phi$ ?
  - (b) What is the image of  $\phi$ ?
  - (c) What does the First Isomorphism Theorem allow us to conclude in this case?

- 5. True or false, with reasons.
  - (a) If  $\phi: R \to S$  is a ring homomorphism, then the image of  $\phi$  is an ideal in S.

(b) If  $\phi: R \to S$  is a ring homomorphism, then the kernel of  $\phi$  is an ideal in S.

(c) If  $\phi: R \to S$  is a surjective ring homomorphism, then  $R/\ker \phi \cong S$ .

(d) If S is a subring of R, then the cosets of S in R form a subring of R called the factor ring R/S.

6. What struck you in this reading? What is still unclear? What remaining questions do you have?